## Yr 11 PRD work

## Question 1

A sketch of $2 x+3 y=12$ is shown.


Work out the coordinates of R.

## Question 2

The sketch graphs of two straight lines are shown.


Work out the coordinates of $P$.

## Question 3

A straight line with equation $y=m x+c$ has gradient $m$ and $y$-intercept $c$.
Here are the equations of four straight lines, $P, Q, R$ and $S$.
P $\quad 2 y-4 x=5$
Q $5 y=2 x-4$

R $\quad 2 y-4=5 x$

S $4 y=5-2 x$
Select the line that passes through $(7,2)$
[ ]
[ ] 0
[ ]
[ ]s

## Question 4

Write down the equation of the straight line that
passes through the point $(0,4)$
and
is parallel to the line $y=5 x+3$.

## Question 5



Find an equation of the line through $B$ parallel to $A C$.

## Question 6

Work out the equation of the line shown.


## Question 7

A straight line has gradient -2 and passes through the point $(-3,10)$.
Work out the equation of the line.
Give your answer in the form $y=m x+c$
(2 marks)

## Question 8

Work out the equation of the straight line that passes through the points $(2,0)$ and $(0,-4)$.

## Question 9

Select the two equations that are equivalent to $2 y=3 x+4$
[] $2 x=3 y+4$
$[\quad] y-\frac{3}{2} x=2$
$[\quad] y=\frac{3}{2} x+4$
[] $3 x-2 y+4=0$

## Question 10

Determine the distance between $A(-5,-4)$ and $B(-7,-1)$, giving your answer as an exact value.

## Question 11

Determine the distance between $A(2,-3)$ and $B(3,2)$, giving your answer as an exact value.

## Question 12

Determine the distance between $P(-1,1)$ and $Q(1,-1)$, giving your answer as an exact value.

## Question 13

The diagram shows the graph of $y=3 x+c$, where $c$ is a constant.


Find the value of $k$.

## Question 14

In which region would the line represented by the equation $y=\frac{2}{3} x+2$ be in the following Venn diagram?


## Question 15

What is the gradient of the line with equation $x+2 y=8$ ?

## Question 16

What is the gradient of the line with equation:

$$
y=\frac{x-1}{5}
$$

Give your answer in decimal form.

## Question 17

$A$ is the point with coordinates $(1,3) B$ is the point with coordinates $(-2,-1)$

The line $\mathbf{L}$ has equation $3 y=4-2 x$

Is line L parallel to $A B$ ?
[] Yes
[] No

## Question 18

What is the gradient of the line with equation:

$$
\frac{3}{5} y=4+\frac{2}{7} x
$$

## Question 19

What is the $y$-intercept of the line with equation:

$$
y+1=\frac{3-x}{5}
$$

Give your answer in decimal form.

## Question 20

The equation of a line $\mathbf{L}$ is $2 x-3 y=6$

Find the equation of the line which is parallel to $L$ and passes through the point $(6,9)$.

## ..............................

(2 marks)

## Answers

## Question 1

$(0,4)$
$(0,4)$
B1

## Question 2

$(5,0)$
$(5,0)$

| B1 | $(5 x, 0 y)$ is B0 |
| :--- | :--- |

Check diagram for answer written next to $P$
if answer line is blank

## Question 3

Q
Q
| B1

## Question 4

$y=5 x+4$

| 14 | $y=5 x+4$ | B2 | oe <br> B1 for $y=m x+4$ <br> or $y=5 x+\mathrm{c}, \mathrm{c} \neq 3$ <br> or $5 x+4$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Additional Guidance |  |  |  |
|  | $y=5 x$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $y=4$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $y=5 x-3$ |  |  | B1 |
|  | $y=5 x+3$ |  |  | B0 |
|  | $5 x+1$ |  |  | B0 |

## Question 5

$2 x+y=2$

## Question 6

$y=\frac{1}{2} x+4$

| Attempt to work out gradient | M1 | e.g. $3 \div 6$ seen oe <br> Right-angled triangle drawn on diagram |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $m=\frac{1}{2}$ or $c=4$ seen or implied | M1 | e.g $\frac{1}{2} x+4$ <br> oe <br> Gradient $=\frac{1}{2}$ or Intercept $=4$ |
| $y=\frac{1}{2} x+4$ | A1 | oe |

## Question 7

$y=-2 x+4$

| $10=-2(-3)+c$ or $c=4$ | M1 | $y-10=-2(x-(-3))$ or $y=-2 x+c$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $y=-2 x+4$ | A1 |  |

## Question 8

$y=2 x-4$

| $y$-intercept $=-4$ | M1 | oe <br> May be implied from equation or <br> expression |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Gradient $=2$ <br> or $(m=) \frac{0--4}{2-0}$ or 2 <br> or $0=2 m-4$ | M1 | oe <br> May be implied from equation or <br> expression |
| $y=2 x-4$ | A1 | oe |

## Question 9

$" y-\frac{3}{2} x=2$ " and " $3 x-2 y+4=0 "$
$B$ and $D$

| B2 | $\begin{array}{l}\text { B1 for } 1 \text { correct (and } 1 \text { incorrect) } \\ \text { or } 2 \text { correct and } 1 \text { incorrect }\end{array}$ |
| :--- | :--- |

## Question 10

$\sqrt{13}$

## Question 11

$\sqrt{26}$
Question 12
$2 \sqrt{2}$
Question 13

$$
k=4
$$

## Question 14

"G"

## Question 15

$-\frac{1}{2}$

## Question 16

## 0.2

## Question 17

No


## Question 18

## $\frac{10}{21}$

## Question 19

-0.4

## Question 20

$y=\frac{2}{3} x+5$

| $9==^{2} \frac{2}{3} \times 6+c$ |  | 2 | M1 for correct substitution into $y={ }^{\prime 2} \frac{2}{3} " x+c$ using their answer to (a) oe | SC <br> Award B2 if $y-9=" \frac{2}{3} "(x-6)$ <br> seen; then isw <br> SC Award B1 for $2 x-3 y=k$ where $k \neq-15$ and $k \neq 6$ with no working |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $y=\frac{2}{3} x+5$ |  | A1for $y=\frac{2}{3} x+5$ oe  <br>  inc $2 x-3 y=-15$ <br>  ft from their answer <br> to (a)  |  |
|  |  |  | $S C$ If M0 A0, award B1 for answer with ' $y=$ ' omitted which would otherwise score M1 A1 eg $\frac{2}{3} x+5$, $2 x-3$ if ans to (a) is 2 | B1 for $y=" \frac{2}{3} " x+c$ where $c \neq 5$ or $c \neq 0$ (ie do not award this mark <br> for $y={ }^{\prime \prime} \frac{2}{3} " x+5$ <br> or $y==^{\frac{2}{3}}{ }^{\prime \prime} x$ ) <br> or <br> does not ft from (a) |

